

VEHICLE DETAILS

Chassis number ¹: SW20-0056180

Manufacture date: 1991-09

Make: TOYOTA

Model: MR2

Body: E-SW20

Grade: G

Engine: 3S-GE

Drive: MIDSHIP

Transmission: AT

Title information ²:



Deregistered to Export



Accident / Repair:



No problem



Odometer rollback:



No problem



Manufacturer recall:



No problem



Safety grade ³:



No data



Contamination risk:



No problem



This vehicle does not qualify for Buyback Guarantee

Average Market Price



Unfortunately, this vehicle does not qualify for our Buyback Guarantee program.



¥0

[About Buyback Guarantee](#)

This CAR VX Vehicle History Report is based only on Information supplied to CAR VX, LTD and available as of 2024-03-07 01:08:45. Other information about this vehicle, including problems, may not have been reported to CAR VX, LTD . Use this report as one important tool, along with a vehicle inspection and test drive, to make a better decision about your next used car.

ACCIDENT / REPAIR HISTORY

Problem type	Reported	Date reported	Data source	Details	Airbag
Collision	Not reported				
Malfunction	Not reported				
Theft	Not reported				
Fire damage	Not reported				
Water damage	Not reported				
Hail damage	Not reported				

ODOMETER READINGS HISTORY

Date reported	Data source	Odometer reading (Km)
2020-12-15	MLIT	94300
2022-12-16	MLIT	95200


USE HISTORY

Use in the contaminated regions ⁴	Radioactive contamination test fail ⁵	Commercial use
Not reported	Not reported	Not reported

DETAILED HISTORY

Event date	Location	Odometer reading (Km)	Data source	Details
1991-09			TOYOTA	Manufactured
1991-09			MLIT	First registration
2020-12-15		94300	MLIT	Inspection
2022-12-16	Yokohama	95200	MLIT	Inspection
2024-02-22	Yokohama		MLIT	Last registration

MANUFACTURER RECALL HISTORY

Date reported**Data source****Affected part****Details**
 Not reported

VEHICLE ASSESSMENT ⁶

Overall Collision Safety Ratings

Driver's seat			Front passenger's seat		
Points	Evaluation	Goal average	Points	Evaluation	Goal average
0		0%	0		0%

* In order to accurately differentiate between the evaluations of different vehicles, a standard is set based on current technology. Up to 6 points out of 12 is given level 1 and the rest of the range is divided up into equal parts, which are respectively assigned to level 2 (more than 6 points but 7.5 or less), level 3 (more than 7.5 points but 9 or less), level 4 (more than 9 points but 10.5 or less) or level 5 (more than 10.5 points).

Braking performance tests ⁷

Dry road



Wet road



VEHICLE SPECIFICATION

1st gear ratio**2nd gear ratio****3rd gear ratio****4th gear ratio****5th gear ratio****6th gear ratio****Additional notes****Airbag position, capacity****Body rear overhang****Body type**

COUPE

Chassis number embossing position**Classification code**

28

Cylinders

4

Displacement

1990

Electric engine type**Electric engine maximum output**

Electric engine maximum torque		Electric engine power	
Engine maximum power	165ps(121kW)/6800rpm	Engine maximum torque	19.5kg· m(191.2N· m)/4800rpm
Engine model	3S-GE	Frame type	
Front shaft weight	510	Front shock absorber type	
Front stabilizer type		Front tires size	205/60R14 87H
Front tread	1470	Fuel consumption	
Fuel tank equipment	54	Grade	G
Height	124	Length	417
Main brakes type		Make	TOYOTA
Maximum speed		Minimum ground clearance	
Minimum turning radius	4.9m	Model	MR2
Model code	E-SW20	Mufflers number	
Rear shaft weight	730	Rear shock absorber type	
Rear stabilizer type		Rear tires size	205/60R14 87H
Rear tread	1450	Reverse ratio	
Riding capacity	2	Side brakes type	
Specification code	6341	Stopping distance	
Transmission type	AT	Weight	1240
Wheel alignment	MIDSHIP	Wheelbase	2400
Width	169		

GLOSSARY

¹ **Chassis number** – a unique identification number of the vehicle in Japan (same as VIN in the USA or Europe)

² **Title information:**

Registered – qualified for driving in Japan

Deregistered Temporarily – not qualified for driving in Japan, usually a temporary title during the ownership change

Deregistered Completely – not qualified for driving in Japan, the vehicle is determined to be scrapped

Deregistered to Export – not qualified for driving in Japan , the vehicle is determined to be exported

3 Determining the overall collision safety performance evaluation – For the driver's seat, the results of the full-wrap frontal collision test, offset frontal collision test, and side collision test are added together and evaluated to 6 different levels. For the Frontal passenger's seat, the results of the full-wrap frontal collision test and the side collision test (results for the driver's or the front passenger's seat are used) are added together and evaluated to 6 different levels.

Regular vehicle inspection – All vehicles in Japan must undergo regular vehicle inspections (shaken). New cars need to be tested after three years, and then vehicles must be tested every two years thereafter. A vehicle inspection (shaken) is compulsory for all vehicles with an engine size over 250cc. It ensures that all vehicles on the road are properly maintained and safe to drive. The test also checks that vehicles have not been illegally modified; if they are found to have been modified, they are not allowed on the road.

4 Use in the contaminated regions – The Fukushima Daiichi nuclear disaster was a catastrophic failure at the Fukushima I Nuclear Power Plant on 11 March 2011, resulting in a meltdown of three of the plant's six nuclear reactors. As a result, some areas in the following prefectures were contaminated: Fukushima, Miyagi, Ibaraki, Tochigi.

5 Radioactive contamination test – radioactive contamination inspection that was started in July 2011 as a preventive measure for exporting contaminated vehicles from Japan. The inspection is being conducted since in all sea ports of Japan under the supervision of The Japan Harbor Transportation Association (JHTA).

MLIT – Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism.

6 Japan New Car Assessment Program – the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT) and the National Agency for Automotive Safety & Victims' Aid (NASVA) have taken measures for safety, one of which is to assess commercially available vehicles through a variety of safety performance tests and release the resulting information compiled into the "New Car Assessment Program". The objective of Japan New Car Assessment Program is to increase the use of safe automobiles by providing an environment in which users can easily select such vehicles. This also promotes the development of safer vehicles by automobile manufacturers. Neck injury protection for rear-end collision performance test, rear seat passenger's protection for frontal collision performance test, rear passenger's seat belt usability evaluation test and seat belt reminder for passengers evaluation test are started in FY2009.

7 Braking Performance Tests – Braking performance is determined by the shortness of the distance in which a vehicle can stop and the stability of the vehicle at the time of braking. This test is performed under wet and dry road conditions for a vehicle which has both a driver and a front passenger. The distance it takes for the vehicle to stop and the stability of the vehicle at the time of braking is evaluated for when the vehicle is stopped abruptly while traveling at a speed of 100km/h. The stopping distance and vehicle speed have been measured by using GPS since FY2009.

CAR VX, LTD DEPENDS ON ITS SOURCES FOR THE ACCURACY AND RELIABILITY OF ITS INFORMATION. THEREFORE, NO RESPONSIBILITY IS ASSUMED BY CAR VX, LTD OR ITS AGENTS FOR ERRORS OR OMISSIONS IN THIS REPORT. CAR VX, LTD FURTHER EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

© 2014-2024 Car VX Limited. All rights reserved.